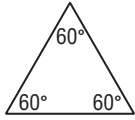


# 4-1 Skills Practice

## Classifying Triangles

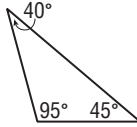
Classify each triangle as *acute*, *equiangular*, *obtuse*, or *right*.

1.



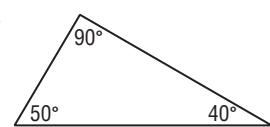
**equiangular**

2.



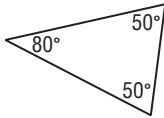
**obtuse**

3.



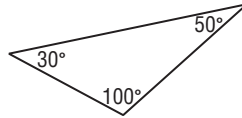
**right**

4.



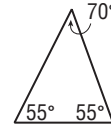
**acute**

5.



**obtuse**

6.



**acute**

Classify each triangle as *equilateral*, *isosceles*, or *scalene*.

7.  $\triangle ABE$

**scalene**

8.  $\triangle EDB$

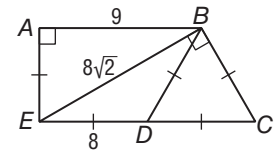
**isosceles**

9.  $\triangle EBC$

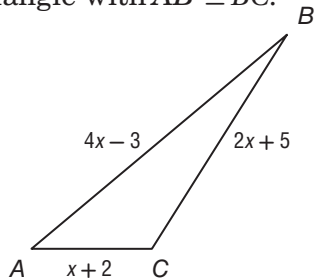
**scalene**

10.  $\triangle DBC$

**equilateral**

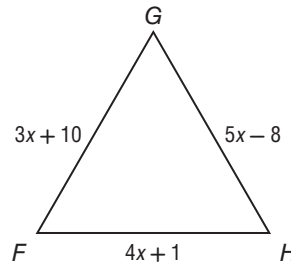


11. **ALGEBRA** Find  $x$  and the length of each side if  $\triangle ABC$  is an isosceles triangle with  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{BC}$ .



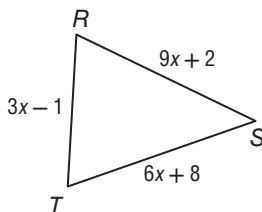
**$x = 4$ ;  $AB = BC = 13$ ;  $AC = 6$**

12. **ALGEBRA** Find  $x$  and the length of each side if  $\triangle FGH$  is an equilateral triangle.



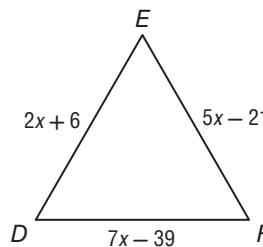
**$x = 9$ ;  $FG = GH = FH = 37$**

13. **ALGEBRA** Find  $x$  and the length of each side if  $\triangle RST$  is an isosceles triangle with  $\overline{RS} \cong \overline{TS}$ .



**$x = 2$ ;  $RS = TS = 20$ ;  $RT = 5$**

14. **ALGEBRA** Find  $x$  and the length of each side if  $\triangle DEF$  is an equilateral triangle.



**$x = 9$ ;  $DE = EF = DF = 24$**