## LT 1.1 Parallel Lines and Transversal

## Homework: Complete \#13-20 odd

## Honors: Complete \#13-20 odd

## Practice and Problem Solving

Example 1 Refer to the figure to identify each of the following.
13. all segments parallel to $\overline{D M}$
14. a plane parallel to plane $A C D$
15) a segment skew to $\overline{B C}$
16. all planes intersecting plane $E D M$
17. all segments skew to $\overline{A E}$
18. a segment parallel to $\overline{E N}$

19. a segment parallel to $\overline{A B}$ through point $J$
20. a segment skew to $\overline{C L}$ through point $E$

Examples 2-3 CCSS PRECISION Identify the transversal connecting each pair of angles. Then classify the relationship between each pair of angles as alternate interior, alternate exterior, corresponding, or consecutive interior angles.
21. $\angle 4$ and $\angle 9$
22. $\angle 5$ and $\angle 7$
23. $\angle 3$ and $\angle 5$
24. $\angle 10$ and $\angle 11$
25. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 6$
26. $\angle 6$ and $\angle 8$
27. $\angle 2$ and $\angle 3$
28. $\angle 9$ and $\angle 10$
29. $\angle 4$ and $\angle 11$
30. $\angle 7$ and $\angle 11$


SAFETY Identify the transversal connecting each pair of angles in the photo of a fire escape shown. Then classify the relationship between each pair of angles.
31. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$
32. $\angle 2$ and $\angle 4$
33. $\angle 4$ and $\angle 5$
34. $\angle 6$ and $\angle 7$
35. $\angle 7$ and $\angle 8$
36. $\angle 2$ and $\angle 3$

37. POWER Power lines are not allowed to intersect.
a. What must be the relationship between power lines $p$ and $m$ ? Explain your reasoning.
b. What is the relationship between line $q$ and lines $p$ and $m$ ?

46. OPEN ENDED Plane $P$ contains lines $a$ and $b$. Line $c$ intersects plane $P$ at point $J$.

Lines $a$ and $b$ are parallel, lines $a$ and $c$ are skew, and lines $b$ and $c$ are not skew. Draw a figure based upon this description.
47. CHALLENGE Suppose points $A, B$, and $C$ lie in plane $P$, and points $D, E$, and $F$ lie in plane $Q$. Line $m$ contains points $D$ and $F$ and does not intersect plane $P$. Line $n$ contains points $A$ and $E$.
a. Draw a diagram to represent the situation.
b. What is the relationship between planes $P$ and $Q$ ?
c. What is the relationship between lines $m$ and $n$ ?

REASONING Plane $X$ and plane $Y$ are parallel and plane $Z$ intersects plane $X$. Line $\overleftrightarrow{A B}$ is in plane $X$, line $\overleftrightarrow{C D}$ is in plane $Y$, and line $\overleftrightarrow{E F}$ is in plane $Z$. Determine whether each statement is always, sometimes, or never true. Explain.
48. $\overleftrightarrow{A B}$ is skew to $\overleftrightarrow{C D}$.
49. $\overleftrightarrow{A B}$ intersects $\overleftrightarrow{E F}$.
50. E. WRITING IN MATH Can a pair of planes be described as skew? Explain.

